

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

$\text{♩} = 127$

Flute

B \flat Clarinet

B \flat Trumpet

Saxophone Alto

Tenor Saxophone

Horn in F

Tenor Trombone

Baritone Saxophone

B \flat Tuba

Drumset

f

The musical score consists of nine staves, each representing a different instrument. The first eight staves (Flute, Clarinet, Trumpet, Alto Saxophone, Tenor Saxophone, Horn in F, Tenor Trombone, and Baritone Saxophone) each have a single note (a dash) in every measure. The ninth staff, for the Drumset, begins with a rest and then features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. A dynamic marking 'f' is placed below the drumset staff.

5

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

8

Drs.

This musical score page contains eight staves of music for an orchestra and drums. The instruments listed are Flute (Fl.), Bassoon (B♭ Cl.), Trumpet (B♭ Tpt.), Alto Saxophone (Sax. A.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), French Horn (F Hn.), Bass Trombone (T. Tbn.), Baritone Saxophone (Bar. Sax.), Bass Trombone (B♭ Tu.), and Drums (Drs.). The score is in common time and uses a key signature of two flats. Measures 5 through 7 feature sustained notes with dynamic markings: ff, f, and fp respectively. Measure 8 introduces rhythmic patterns with accents and a dynamic marking of mp. The page number 2 is located at the bottom left.

9

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

14

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

The musical score for orchestra and drums on page 14 features eight staves of music. The instruments are: Flute (Fl.), Bass Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Bass Trombone (B♭ Tpt.), Alto Saxophone (Sax. A.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), French Horn (F Hn.), Bass Trombone (T. Tbn.), Baritone Saxophone (Bar. Sax.), Bassoon (B♭ Tu.), and Drums (Drs.). The score is in common time and includes measures 14 through 18. The instruments play various patterns of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures featuring rests or specific dynamic markings like accents and slurs. The bassoon part has a measure number '8' above it.

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

8

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

mp

mp

mp

mp

fff

8

8

31

Fl. *gliss.* *gliss.*

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

39

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

The musical score consists of ten staves, each representing a different instrument or group of instruments. The instruments are: Flute (Fl.), Bassoon (B♭ Cl.), Trumpet (B♭ Tpt.), Alto Saxophone (Sax. A.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), French Horn (F Hn.), Bass Trombone (T. Tbn.), Baritone Saxophone (Bar. Sax.), Bassoon (B♭ Tu.), and Drums (Drs.). The score is numbered 39 at the top left. The instruments play various rhythmic patterns, often featuring eighth and sixteenth notes. Dynamic markings include *mf*, *mp*, and *ff*. Measure 8 is indicated above the bassoon staff. The drums (Drs.) have a unique pattern with 'x' marks on specific notes.

43

Clap

Fl. - γ x x x γ | **Clap** ff |

B♭ Cl. - γ x x x γ | **Clap ff** |

B♭ Tpt. - γ . . x x γ | **Clap ff** |

Sax. A. - γ x x x | **Clap ff** |

T. Sax. - γ . . x x | **Clap** ^ |

F Hn. - γ | **Clap** ^ |

T. Tbn. - γ x x x | **Clap** ^ |

Bar. Sax. - ^ ^ ^ ^ | ^ ^ ^ ^ | ^ ^ ^ ^ | ^ ^ ^ ^ | ^ ^ ^ ^ |

B♭ Tu. - γ . . x x γ | **Clap** ^ |

8 Clap/Side Stick |

Drs. - x x x x x x x x | x x x x x x x x | x x x x x x x x | x x x x x x x x | x x x x x x x x |

48

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

8

52

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

56

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

The musical score for orchestra and drums on page 56 consists of ten staves. The instruments are: Flute (Fl.), Bass Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Bass Trombone (B♭ Tpt.), Alto Saxophone (Sax. A.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), French Horn (F Hn.), Bass Trombone (T. Tbn.), Baritone Saxophone (Bar. Sax.), Bassoon (B♭ Tu.), and Drums (Drs.). The score is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The bassoon part has a '8' written above it. The music features various note heads, stems, and rests, with some notes having small 'x' marks through them.

60

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

65

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

gliss.

gliss.

gliss.

ff

ff

8

8

8

gliss.

gliss.

gliss.

68

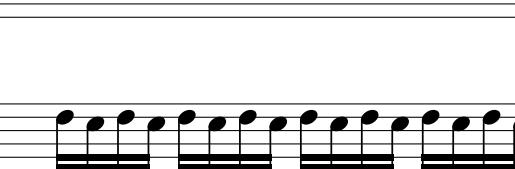
Fl. *gliss.* 

B♭ Cl. *gliss.* 

ff

B♭ Tpt. *gliss.* 

ff

Sax. A.  *ff* 

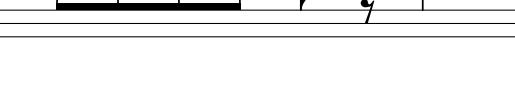
T. Sax.  *f* 

F Hn.  *f* 

T. Tbn.  

Bar. Sax.  

8  

B♭ Tu. *8*  

Drs.  *ff* 



71

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

ff

ff

ff

f

f

8

18

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

8

79

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

8

Drs.

The musical score consists of ten staves. From top to bottom: Flute (Fl.), Bass Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Bass Trombone (B♭ Tpt.), Alto Saxophone (Sax. A.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), French Horn (F Hn.), Bassoon (T. Tbn.), Baritone Saxophone (Bar. Sax.), Bassoon (B♭ Tu.), and Drums (Drs.). The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The key signature is B-flat major (indicated by two flats). Measure 79 starts with a single note from the Flute, followed by rests. The B♭ Cl., B♭ Tpt., Sax. A., T. Sax., F Hn., and T. Tbn. also play single notes followed by rests. The Bar. Sax. staff shows a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note pairs. The B♭ Tu. staff shows a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs with grace notes. The Drs. staff shows a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs with 'x' marks. Measure 8 begins with a dynamic marking of *ffff*. The B♭ Tu. staff continues its rhythmic pattern. The Drs. staff changes to a different rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs with 'x' marks.

83

Musical score page 83 featuring nine staves. The top six staves (Flute, Bassoon Clarinet, Bassoon Trumpet, Alto Saxophone, Tenor Saxophone, French Horn) have a key signature of three flats. The bottom three staves (Trombone Bass, Baritone Saxophone, Drums) have a key signature of one flat.

The score consists of two measures. In the first measure, all instruments except the Drums rest. In the second measure, the Baritone Saxophone and Drums play. The Baritone Saxophone plays eighth-note patterns with grace marks, while the Drums play eighth-note patterns with 'X' marks. Measure 8 begins with the Bass Trombone playing eighth-note patterns with grace marks.

Musical score page 85. The score includes parts for Flute, Bassoon Clarinet, Bassoon Trumpet, Alto Saxophone, Tenor Saxophone, French Horn, Trombone, Baritone Saxophone, Bass Trombone, Bassoon Tuba, and Drums. The score shows measures 1-4 of a section where most instruments play eighth-note rests. The Baritone Saxophone and Bass Trombone provide harmonic support with eighth-note patterns. The Bassoon Tuba and Drums provide rhythmic patterns.

Fl.
B♭ Cl.
B♭ Tpt.
Sax. A.
T. Sax.
F Hn.
T. Tbn.
Bar. Sax.
B♭ Tu.
Drs.

87

Fl. *mp*

B♭ Cl. *mp*

B♭ Tpt. *mp*

Sax. A. *mp*

T. Sax. *mp*

F Hn. *mp*

T. Tbn. *p*

Bar. Sax. *p*

B♭ Tu. 8

Drs.

89

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

This musical score page contains eight staves of music for an ensemble. The instruments listed are Flute (Fl.), Bass Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Bass Trombone (B♭ Tpt.), Alto Saxophone (Sax. A.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), French Horn (F Hn.), Bassoon (T. Tbn.), and Baritone Saxophone (Bar. Sax.). The bassoon staff includes a measure number '8'. The drums (Drs.) provide a continuous rhythmic foundation with eighth-note patterns. The music is set in common time and uses a key signature of one flat (B♭). Measures 89 through 93 are shown, with measure 93 being the last one on the page.

91

Fl. *mp*

B♭ Cl. *p*

B♭ Tpt. *mp*

Sax. A. *mp*

T. Sax. *mp*

F Hn. *mp*

T. Tbn. *p*

Bar. Sax. *p*

B♭ Tu. 8

Drs.

The musical score consists of ten staves. The first six staves represent woodwind instruments: Flute (Fl.), Bassoon (B♭ Cl.), Trombone (B♭ Tpt.), Alto Saxophone (Sax. A.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), and French Horn (F Hn.). Each of these six instruments plays a single sustained note across the entire measure. The next two staves represent brass instruments: Bass Trombone (T. Tbn.) and Baritone Saxophone (Bar. Sax.). The Bass Trombone begins with a forte dynamic (p) and then sustains a note. The Baritone Saxophone begins with a piano dynamic (p) and then plays a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs grouped by a '3' overline. The final two staves represent percussive instruments: Bassoon (B♭ Tu.) and Drums (Drs.). The Bassoon provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The Drums provide harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The score is set in common time, and the key signature is three flats (B♭, E♭, A♭). Measure numbers 91 and 8 are indicated above the staves.

Musical score page 92 featuring ten staves of music. The instruments and their parts are:

- Fl. (Flute): Starts with a dynamic p , followed by a dotted half note and a fermata.
- B \flat Cl. (Bassoon Clarinet): Starts with a dynamic p , followed by a dotted half note and a fermata.
- B \flat Tpt. (Bassoon Trumpet): Starts with a dynamic p , followed by a dotted half note and a fermata.
- Sax. A. (Alto Saxophone): Starts with a dynamic p , followed by a dotted half note and a fermata.
- T. Sax. (Tenor Saxophone): Starts with a dynamic p , followed by a dotted half note and a fermata.
- F Hn. (French Horn): Starts with a dynamic p , followed by a dotted half note and a fermata.
- T. Tbn. (Trombone Bass): Starts with a dynamic p , followed by a dotted half note and a fermata.
- Bar. Sax. (Baritone Saxophone): Playing eighth-note patterns in groups of three, with a fermata at the end of the measure.
- B \flat Tu. (Bassoon Tuba): Playing eighth-note patterns with grace marks (^) and a fermata at the end of the measure.
- Drs. (Drums): Playing eighth-note patterns with grace marks (^) and a fermata at the end of the measure.

Fl. - - - *ff*

B♭ Cl. - - - *ff*

B♭ Tpt. - - - *ff*

Sax. A. *ff* *ff* *ff* *mf*

T. Sax. *ff* *ff* *ff* *mf*

F Hn. *ff* *mp*

T. Tbn. *ff* *mp*

Bar. Sax. - - - *ff* *mp*

B♭ Tu. 8 - - - *ff* *mp*

Drs. - - - *ff* *mp*

96

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

The musical score consists of ten staves, each representing a different instrument. The instruments are: Flute (Fl.), Bassoon Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Bassoon Trumpet (B♭ Tpt.), Saxophone A (Sax. A.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), French Horn (F Hn.), Bass Trombone (T. Tbn.), Baritone Saxophone (Bar. Sax.), Bass Tuba (B♭ Tu.), and Drums (Drs.). The score is numbered 96 at the top left. The Flute, Bassoon Clarinet, Bassoon Trumpet, and Drums all play eighth-note patterns. The Saxophone A, Tenor Saxophone, French Horn, Bass Trombone, Baritone Saxophone, and Bass Tuba all play sixteenth-note patterns. The Bassoon Clarinet, Bassoon Trumpet, and Drums all reach a dynamic of *ff* (fortissimo). The Tenor Saxophone reaches a dynamic of *f* (forte). The Bass Trombone reaches a dynamic of *f* (forte). The Bass Tuba has a measure number 8 above it. The Drums play a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.

100

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

8

104

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

8

fff

fff

fff

mf

mf

mf mp

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

B♭ Tpt.

Sax. A.

T. Sax.

F Hn.

T. Tbn.

Bar. Sax.

B♭ Tu.

Drs.

The musical score for orchestra and band on page 31, measure 108, features ten staves. The instruments are: Flute (Fl.), Bassoon (B♭ Cl.), Trumpet (B♭ Tpt.), Alto Saxophone (Sax. A.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), French Horn (F Hn.), Bass Trombone (T. Tbn.), Baritone Saxophone (Bar. Sax.), Bassoon (B♭ Tu.), and Drums (Drs.). The score is set in common time with a key signature of one flat. Measure 108 consists of two measures of music. In the first measure, the Flute, Bassoon, and Trumpet play eighth-note patterns. The Alto and Tenor Saxophones play sixteenth-note patterns. The French Horn and Bass Trombone play eighth-note patterns. The Baritone Saxophone rests. The Drums play eighth-note patterns. In the second measure, the Flute, Bassoon, and Trumpet continue their eighth-note patterns. The Alto and Tenor Saxophones play sixteenth-note patterns. The French Horn and Bass Trombone play eighth-note patterns. The Baritone Saxophone rests. The Drums play eighth-note patterns. Various dynamic markings such as forte (f), piano (p), and accents are present throughout the score.

110

♩ = 110

Continue sur Cornille In Love

Musical score for orchestra and drums, page 32, measure 110. The score includes parts for Flute (Fl.), Bassoon Clarinet (B♭ Cl.), Bassoon Trumpet (B♭ Tpt.), Alto Saxophone (Sax. A.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sax.), French Horn (F Hn.), Trombone (T. Tbn.), Baritone Saxophone (Bar. Sax.), Bassoon Tuba (B♭ Tu.), and Drums (Drs.). The tempo is indicated as ♩ = 110. The score shows various rhythmic patterns and dynamics, including eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note figures. Measure 110 concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction "Continue sur Cornille In Love".

Flute

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

$\text{♩} = 127$

6

ff < **f** <

13

19

29

ff **ff**

38

2 Clap

mf > **ff**

47

53

60

3

ff

71

78

7

mp **mp**

The music is composed for flute and includes various dynamics like ff, f, ff, mf, and mp, along with performance instructions such as 'Clap' and 'gloss.' (glissando).

95

ff

ff

102

ffff

108

$\text{♩} = 110$

Continue sur Cornille In...

B♭ Clarinet

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

J = 127

6

ff < f <

13

19

30

gliss. *gliss.* *gliss.*

ff *ff*

39

Clap

mf > *ff*

48

54

60

3 *gliss.* *gliss.* *gliss.*

ff

72

ff *7*

87

mp *mp* *ff*

The sheet music for B-flat Clarinet features ten staves of musical notation. The first staff begins with a dynamic of *ff < f <*. The second staff starts at measure 13. The third staff begins at measure 19. The fourth staff starts at measure 30. The fifth staff begins at measure 39. The sixth staff starts at measure 48. The seventh staff begins at measure 54. The eighth staff starts at measure 60. The ninth staff begins at measure 72. The tenth staff begins at measure 87. Various dynamics are indicated throughout, including *ff*, *mf*, and *mp*. Performance instructions like "Clap" and "ff" are also present. The tempo is marked as *J = 127*.

97

A musical score for a single staff. The key signature is one flat. The time signature is common time. The measure consists of six eighth-note pairs. The first pair has a grace note. The second pair has a grace note. The third pair has a grace note. The fourth pair has a grace note. The fifth pair has a grace note. The sixth pair has a grace note. The dynamic marking ***ff*** is centered below the staff.

104

A musical score for a single staff. The key signature is one flat. The time signature is common time. The measure consists of six eighth-note pairs. The first pair has a grace note. The second pair has a grace note. The third pair has a grace note. The fourth pair has a grace note. The fifth pair has a grace note. The sixth pair has a grace note. The dynamic marking ***fff*** is centered below the staff.

111 ***d = 110*** Continue sur Cornille In Love ->

A musical score for a single staff. The key signature is one flat. The time signature is common time. The measure consists of two measures. The first measure has a single note followed by a bar line. The second measure has a single note followed by a bar line. The tempo is indicated as ***d = 110***. A instruction "Continue sur Cornille In Love ->" is written above the staff.

B♭ Trumpet

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

J = 127

6

ff < f <

13

19

30

gliss. *gliss.* *gliss.*

ff *ff*

39

Clap

mf > *ff*

48

54

60

3 *gliss.* *gliss.* *gliss.*

ff

72

ff *7*

87

mp *mp* *ff*

The sheet music for B♭ Trumpet features ten staves of musical notation. The tempo is indicated as *J = 127*. The key signature is one flat. The first staff begins with a dynamic of *ff*, followed by *f*. Measure 6 starts with a dynamic of *ff*, followed by *f*. Measure 13 continues the pattern. Measure 19 shows a change in time signature to 4/4. Measures 30 and 39 include performance instructions: 'gliss.' with wavy lines above the notes, 'Clap' with a hand icon, and dynamics of *mf* and *ff*. Measure 48 starts with a dynamic of *ff*. Measures 54 and 60 continue the pattern. Measure 72 ends with a dynamic of *ff* and a measure ending with a '7'. The final staff at measure 87 starts with *mp*, followed by another *mp*, and ends with *ff*.

97

A musical score for a single staff. The key signature is one flat. The time signature is common time. The measure consists of six eighth-note pairs. The first pair has a grace note. The second pair has a grace note. The third pair has a grace note. The fourth pair has a grace note. The fifth pair has a grace note. The sixth pair has a grace note. The dynamic marking ***ff*** is centered below the staff.

104

A musical score for a single staff. The key signature is one flat. The time signature is common time. The measure consists of six eighth-note pairs. The first pair has a grace note. The second pair has a grace note. The third pair has a grace note. The fourth pair has a grace note. The fifth pair has a grace note. The sixth pair has a grace note. The dynamic marking ***fff*** is centered below the staff.

111 ***d = 110*** Continue sur Cornille In Love ->

A musical score for a single staff. The key signature is one flat. The time signature is common time. The measure consists of two measures. The first measure has a single note followed by a bar line. The second measure has a single note followed by a bar line. The tempo is indicated as ***d = 110***. A instruction "Continue sur Cornille In Love ->" is written above the staff.

Saxophone Alto

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

J = 127

17

22

31

36

42 Clap

56

62

69

74

The sheet music consists of eleven staves of musical notation for alto saxophone. The tempo is marked as *J = 127*. The key signature is one flat. The music is in common time. Various dynamics and performance instructions are included, such as 'Clap' at measure 42 and 'ff' (fortissimo) at measure 62. The notation includes eighth and sixteenth note patterns, rests, and grace notes.

88



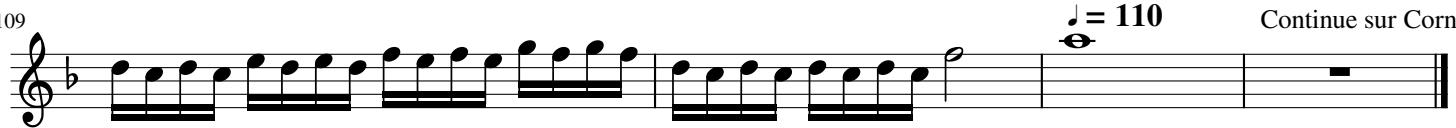
95



100



109

*♩ = 110*

Continue sur Cornille In

Tenor Saxophone

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

J = 127

4

8

17

22

31

37 Clap

45

58

67 ff f

71 f

76 7 mp mp

93

ff *ff* *ff* *mf*

97

f

102

mf *mf*

109

$\frac{\text{dotted quarter note}}{= 110}$ Continue sur Cornille

Horn in F

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

J = 127

4

mp

8

21

3

mp

29

35

39

2

8

p>

Clap

54

58

3

mp

66

71

The sheet music for Horn in F titled "Coco" features ten staves of musical notation. The key signature is one flat. The tempo is indicated as *J = 127*. The first staff begins with a measure of rest followed by a eighth note. The second staff starts with a eighth note. The third staff begins with a eighth note. The fourth staff starts with a eighth note. The fifth staff begins with a eighth note. The sixth staff starts with a eighth note. The seventh staff begins with a eighth note. The eighth staff starts with a eighth note. The ninth staff begins with a eighth note. The tenth staff begins with a eighth note.

Dynamics include *mp*, *p>*, and *Clap*.

Time signatures change frequently: 4, 8, 3, 2, 8.

75

A musical score for a single staff in G clef, two flats key signature, and common time. The measure consists of six eighth notes followed by a half note. The dynamic is **p**.

90

A musical score for a single staff in G clef, two flats key signature, and common time. The measure consists of six eighth notes followed by a half note. Dynamics include **p**, **ff**, and **mp**.

97

A musical score for a single staff in G clef, two flats key signature, and common time. The measure consists of six eighth notes followed by a half note.

101

A musical score for a single staff in G clef, two flats key signature, and common time. The measure consists of six eighth notes followed by a half note. The dynamic is **mp**.

110

J = 110

Continue sur Cornille In Love ->

A musical score for a single staff in G clef, two flats key signature, and common time. The measure consists of six eighth notes followed by a half note. The dynamic is **p**. The tempo is indicated as **J = 110** and it continues to "Cornille In Love".

Tenor Trombone

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

J = 127

4

mp

17

22

30

35

40

Clap

2

8

p >

55

60

3

mp

68

73

79

Bassoon part (measures 79-83): Measure 79: Bassoon plays eighth notes. Measure 80: Bassoon plays eighth notes. Measure 81: Bassoon plays eighth notes. Measure 82: Bassoon plays eighth notes. Measure 83: Bassoon plays eighth notes. Dynamics: **p**, **p**, **ff**.

95

Bassoon part (measures 95-99): Bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Dynamics: **mp**.

100

Bassoon part (measures 100-104): Bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Dynamics: **mp**.

108

Bassoon part (measure 108): Bassoon plays eighth notes. **♩ = 110** Continue sur Cornille In L.

Baritone Saxophone

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

$\text{♩} = 127$

6

11

16

21

27

33

38

43

48

53

58

64

70

75

81

84

87

90

92

97

102

A musical score for a wind instrument. The key signature is one flat. The melody consists of eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamics include ***mf*** and ***f***. The score ends with a repeat sign and a first ending bracket.

111 = 110 Continue sur Cornille In Love ->

A musical score for a wind instrument. The key signature is one flat. The tempo is set at 110 BPM. The score consists of two measures of rests, followed by a repeat sign and a first ending bracket.

B♭ Tuba

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

$\text{♩} = 127$

4

9

14

19

24

34

39 Clap

47

52

57

The music consists of eight staves of B♭ tuba notation. The first seven staves are numbered 1 through 7 at the beginning of each staff. The eighth staff is numbered 57 at the beginning. The music is in 4/4 time throughout. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The tempo is indicated as $\text{♩} = 127$. Measure 1 starts with a B-flat note. Measures 2-4 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 5-8 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 9-12 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 13-16 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 17-20 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 21-24 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes, followed by a measure of rests. Measures 25-28 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 29-32 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 33-36 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 37-40 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 41-44 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 45-48 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 49-52 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 53-56 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 57-60 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes, followed by a measure of rests.

67

72

78

84

89

94

99

105

♩ = 110

112 Continue sur Cornille In Love ->

Drumset

Coco

Lucky Chops
arr. Loupio

J = 127

f

6

11

16

21

28

ff

35

Clap/Side Stick

41

46

51

This sheet music provides a detailed guide for a drummer to play the piece 'Coco' by Lucky Chops. The ten staves show various patterns of strokes and rests, primarily using the bass drum (B), snare drum (S), and hi-hat (H). The dynamic markings and measure numbers help in navigating the piece.

56

 62

 69

 75

 80

 85

 89

 92

 96

 102

 108